

## **Alberta Conservation Association 2017/18 Project Summary Report**

**Project Name:** Alberta Volunteer Amphibian Monitoring Program

**Wildlife Program Manager:** Doug Manzer

**Project Leader:** Kris Kendell

**Primary ACA staff on project:** Kris Kendell

### **Partnerships**

Alberta Environment and Parks

### **Key Findings**

- Species identification keys were completed on the AVAMP webpage to help participants be more certain of their identification of Alberta's amphibian and reptile species. We also increased user capabilities to better edit their own data entries.
- We delivered four oral presentations over the past year highlighting the conservation needs of amphibians and reptiles. We also contributed an article on amphibian conservation to *ACA Conservation Magazine*.
- We became a member of the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) Species Survival Commission (SSC) Amphibian Specialist Group (ASG), Canada.
- In total, 34 volunteers submitted 55 amphibian and 18 reptile observations to AVAMP, including the location of two snake hibernacula (dens).

### **Introduction**

Throughout Alberta, citizen scientists have contributed to conservation through their volunteer activities. Through volunteering, individuals are provided with opportunities to improve their skill set, increase their knowledge of conservation issues, and network with wildlife professionals; at the same time, volunteers increase our capacity to deliver wildlife initiatives. One of our largest wildlife volunteer-based project is the Alberta Volunteer Amphibian Monitoring Program (AVAMP). Data collected by program volunteers increase our knowledge about the distribution of Alberta's amphibian and reptile species and, along with other data, assist in updating the general status of amphibians and reptiles in Alberta (Alberta Sustainable Resource Development 2010) and provide valuable information for land-use planning efforts.

We also chair the Alberta Amphibian and Reptile Specialist Group, where we discuss topics and issues related to conservation and research in Alberta, as well as provide a forum for collaboration and communication. In 2017, we became a member of International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) Species Survival Commission (SSC) Amphibian Specialist Group (ASG), Canada.

## Methods

At sites of their own choice, we encourage AVAMP participants to listen for calling frogs and toads in the spring and to search for individual amphibians throughout the spring, summer, and early fall. Volunteers can also report the locations of snake hibernacula and other reptile sightings, including dead-on-road occurrences. We promote AVAMP through our email newsletter and through social media to increase awareness of amphibians and reptiles, and help us maintain relationships with program volunteers and other interested parties. We deliver oral presentations to target audiences to motivate and engage potential participants and improve awareness about the amphibians and reptiles in their communities. Volunteers self-register and enter their own monitoring data online.

We offer volunteers a quick identification guide for Alberta's amphibians (*Amphibian Identifier*) for use in the field as well as a brochure (*Reptiles of Alberta*) that gets people thinking about their attitudes toward reptiles and their habitat needs. These brochures encourage the reporting of amphibian and reptile observations to the program. We have also developed an online identification key to help volunteers confirm the identity of any amphibians or reptiles observed.

We reviewed, verified, and compiled all volunteer amphibian and reptile observations and then forwarded them to the Government of Alberta for entry into its Fisheries and Wildlife Management Information System database.

## Results

In 2017/18, 29 new members joined AVAMP. In all, 34 AVAMP participants submitted a total of 55 amphibian and 18 reptile observations, including two snake hibernaculum (den) locations. Data submitted by volunteers represented 70 percent of the amphibian and 44 percent of the reptile species native to the province (Table 1).

Table 1. Records of amphibian and reptile species observed by Alberta Volunteer Amphibian Monitoring Program participants in 2017/18.

<b>Species</b>	<b>Taxonomic name</b>	<b>Number of records</b>
Boreal chorus frog	<i>Pseudacris maculata</i>	12
Boreal toad	<i>Anaxyrus boreas</i>	12
Bullsnake	<i>Pituophis catenifer</i>	5
Canadian toad	<i>Anaxyrus hemiophrys</i>	6
Columbia spotted frog	<i>Rana luteiventris</i>	0
Great plains toad	<i>Anaxyrus cognatus</i>	1
Long-toed salamander	<i>Ambystoma macrodactylum</i>	2
Mountain short-horned lizard	<i>Phrynosoma hernandesi</i>	0
Northern leopard frog	<i>Lithobates pipiens</i>	0
Plains garter snake	<i>Thamnophis radix</i>	9
Plains hog-nosed snake	<i>Heterodon nasicus</i>	0
Plains spadefoot	<i>Spea bombifrons</i>	0
Prairie rattlesnake	<i>Crotalus viridis</i>	1
Red-sided garter snake	<i>Thamnophis sirtalis</i>	2
Tiger salamander	<i>Ambystoma mavortium</i>	7
Wandering garter snake	<i>Thamnophis elegans</i>	1
Western painted turtle	<i>Chrysemys picta</i>	0
Wood frog	<i>Lithobates sylvaticus</i>	15
Yellow-bellied racer	<i>Coluber constrictor</i>	0
<b>Total</b>		<b>73</b>

Through public presentations and interactions with volunteers, we have shared expertise and information about amphibian and reptile identification, ecology, mitigation translocation, stewardship, citizen science, data collection protocols, and survey methodology.

## Conclusions

Data from AVAMP partnerships and volunteers will provide a better understanding of the distribution and status of Alberta’s amphibians and reptiles. These established partnerships and volunteer relationships are examples of how ACA can work with a network of enthusiastic volunteers to positively impact conservation. AVAMP connects people to nature and generates valuable data from these encounters that support the conservation and management of Alberta’s amphibian and reptile species.

## Communications

### *Oral presentations*

- Celebrate Canada 150; Kris Kendell; Sherwood Park, AB; August 9, 2017.
- Junior Forest Warden Association (St. Albert Club) meeting; Kris Kendell; St. Albert, AB; November 21, 2017.

- St. Albert Fish and Game Association meeting; Kris Kendell; St. Albert, AB; January 9, 2018.
- Edmonton Nature Club; Kris Kendell; Edmonton, AB; February 16, 2018.

#### *Articles*

- Kendell, K. 2017. *Salamander superheroes and the evil chytridiomycosis*. In: *Conservation Magazine* (ACA magazine) Spring/Summer 2017: pp 26.

#### *Newspaper*

- *St. Albert Gazette*; February 7, 2018; Environment File: yellow fish and frog talks; by Kevin Ma; ACA amphibian and AVAMP presentation for Edmonton Nature Club.

#### *Events*

- Bioblitz/World Snow Day, Strathcona Wilderness Centre, January 21, 2018.

### **Literature Cited**

Alberta Sustainable Resource Development. 2010. The general status of Alberta wild species 2010. Available online at <http://www.srd.gov.ab.ca/fishwildlife/speciesatrisk/statusofalbertawildspecies>

### **Photos**



The Alberta Volunteer Amphibian Monitoring Program logo. Photo: Alberta Conservation Association



Alberta Conservation  
Association

*Conserving Alberta's Wild Side*

# reptiles of Alberta



The *Reptiles of Alberta* brochure allows people to learn about the reptiles found in their communities and the challenges facing their conservation today.



Northern leopard frog near Jenner, AB. Photo: Kris Kendell