

Alberta Conservation Association 2015/16 Project Summary Report

Project Name: Alberta Wildlife Status Reports

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Partnerships

Alberta Environment and Parks

Key Findings

- We published one status report in 2015/16 (chestnut-collared longspur), and a second report (Arctic grayling update) is ready for review by Alberta's Endangered Species Conservation Committee. Two reports (bison update, western wood-pewee) are in draft stage.
- Even though there are likely still hundreds of thousands of Arctic grayling in Alberta, they are considered a *Species of Special Concern* because of their declining population—an estimated 70% decline since 1960! Alberta's Endangered Species Conservation Committee will reassess the status of grayling in 2016 using information in the updated status report and will recommend a legal status designation to the Minister of Alberta Environment and Parks.
- We have published 86 status reports (16 updates) on species in Alberta since 1997, including reports on mammals, birds, fish, reptiles, amphibians, invertebrates and plants.
- Status reports include current information on each species' conservation biology, habitat, population, distribution, limiting factors and management in Alberta.

Introduction

Every five years, Alberta Environment and Parks (AEP) reviews the general status of wildlife species in Alberta. These overviews assign “ranks” to individual species that reflect the perceived level of risk to populations. Such designations are determined from extensive consultations with professional and amateur biologists, and from a variety of readily available sources of population data. A key objective of these reviews is to identify species that may be considered for more detailed status assessments.

Alberta Conservation Association (ACA) coordinates the production of the Alberta Wildlife Status Report Series and publishes the reports together with AEP. This series is an extension of the general status exercise and provides comprehensive current summaries of the biological status of selected wildlife species in Alberta. Priority is given to species that are considered *At Risk* or *May Be At Risk* in *The General Status of Alberta Wild Species 2010* (AEP 2011) or that are considered to be at risk at a national level by the Committee on the Status of Endangered Wildlife in Canada (COSEWIC; www.cosewic.gc.ca).

Status reports are the primary source of information on species at risk used by the Scientific Subcommittee (SSC) (of Alberta’s Endangered Species Conservation Committee; ESCC), an independent body of scientists that completes a formal status assessment for the target species using criteria developed by The International Union for Conservation of Nature. The SSC then provides the ESCC (comprised of members from groups representing resource-based land users, corporate and government land managers, conservation organizations and university scientists) with both the formal status evaluation and conservation recommendations. The ESCC then either concurs or withholds concurrence with the recommended status, which is then provided to the Minister of AEP for determining the legal designation (e.g., *Endangered* or *Threatened* under Alberta’s *Wildlife Act*) (Figure 1; also refer to Fish and Wildlife Division [2008] for more information on Alberta’s species at risk process). ACA is a voting member of the ESCC.

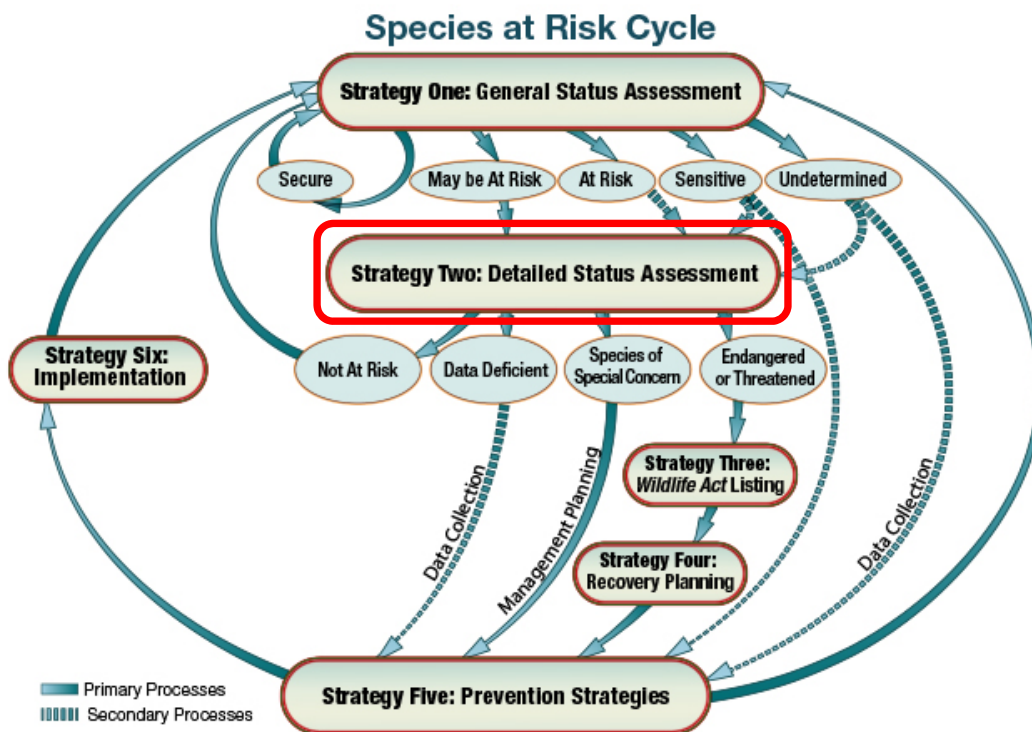


Figure 1. This flowchart, taken from Alberta Environment and Parks (2016), shows the species at risk process; the box outlined in red is where the Alberta Wildlife Status Report Series (and hence, Alberta Conservation Association) plays a key role.

Methods

Each spring, ACA and AEP staff meet to prioritize the species that are most in need of a detailed status assessment. We prioritize species based on the general status rank, COSEWIC priorities, the availability of new Alberta data (that will likely change the existing status of a species at risk), and new threats to a species at risk in Alberta.

Once a suite of new species has been decided, ACA contracts species experts (individuals with unique local expertise in the biology and management of the species) to write the status reports. ACA staff manages these contracts, receives and edits the report drafts, develops the current range maps, supervises the external review process and formats the reports for online publishing (www.ab-conservation.com).

Results

In 2015/16, we published one status report (chestnut-collared longspur), prepared another report (Arctic grayling update) for review by the ESCC, and edited drafts of two upcoming reports (bison update 2015, western wood-pewee) that we will complete in 2016/17. In total, we have published 86 reports on species at risk in Alberta in this series since 1997, including reports on mammals, birds, fish, reptiles, amphibians, invertebrates and plants (Figure 2). This includes updates to 16 older reports, revised with new information.

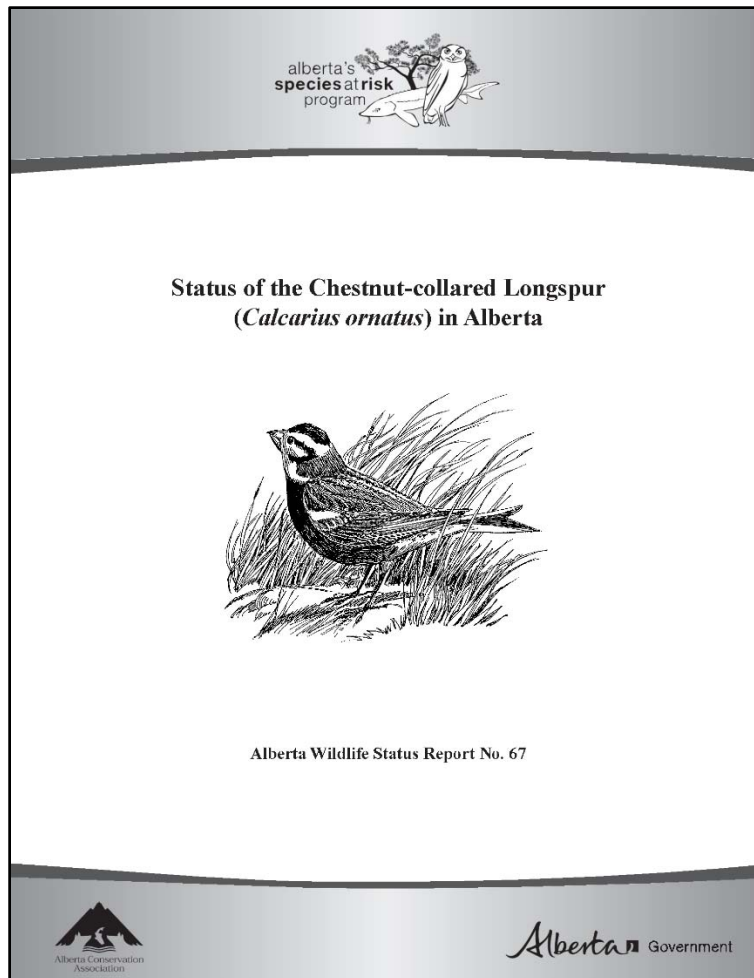


Figure 2. Example of a status report cover.

Conclusions

The Alberta Wildlife Status Report Series plays a key role in identifying *Endangered* and *Threatened* species in Alberta that need legal protection to keep them from becoming extinct or extirpated. As well, *Species of Special Concern* and those that are *Data Deficient* are identified using status reports, instigating the necessary actions to either prevent their decline or to obtain the information needed to further clarify their status in the province.

Communications

- All status reports are available online (ACA and AEP websites); reports published until 2011 are also available as hard copies.
- The status report series editor promotes ACA's involvement with status reports and species at risk in Alberta through formal and informal presentations: SSC meetings (September 2015, February 2016), species at risk school talks (April 2015), and University of Alberta career fair (September 2015).

Literature Cited

Alberta Environment and Parks (AEP). 2011. The general status of Alberta wild species 2010. Available online at <http://aep.alberta.ca/fish-wildlife/species-at-risk/albertas-species-at-risk-strategy/general-status-of-alberta-wild-species-2010/default.aspx>.

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Fish and Wildlife Division. 2008. Alberta's strategy for the management of species at risk (2009–2014). Alberta Sustainable Resource Development, Fish and Wildlife Division, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada. 30 pp. Available online at <http://aep.alberta.ca/fish-wildlife/species-at-risk/documents/StrategyManagementSpeciesRisk2009-14.pdf>.